

Plato's *Symposium* Helpful Notes

180c1ff.

What does *sc.* mean?

What does it mean when Dover refers to *GP*?

Who is the subject of ἔφη?

παρεῖς from παρίημι (Smyth 777)

προβεβλήσθαι perfect infinitive from προβάλλω

παρηγγέλθαι perfect infinitive from παραγγέλλω

καλῶς ἔχω (Smyth 1438)

προρρηθῆναι from προερέω

ἐπανορθώσασθαι from ἐπανορθόω

φράσαι from φράζω

ἴσμεν from οἶδα (Smyth 794)

ἐστόν dual form, from εἰμί (Smyth 768)

δύο, Ἔρωτε, τὸ θεά: all dual (see Smyth 349, 257, 332, 216)

ἀνάγκη [ἐστί]

Look for genitives absolute and articular infinitives! Identify conditional sentences (Smyth 2297).