

## Sample Latin 2 Midterm (Stages 21-25) Winter 2012

One hour

Note: Real midterm will be shorter, with fewer nouns to decline!

### Vocabulary

	chief
libenter	
ēligō, ēligere, ēlēgī, ēlēctus	
agmen, agminis, n.	
cotīdiē	
	four
aedificium, aedificiī, n.	
	order
	immortal
suāvis, suāvis, suāve	
	enemy
	celebrate
dīmittō, dīmittere, dīmīsī	

## Verb Synopsis

Fill in the missing forms of the indicative active of *portō*, *portāre*, *portāvī*

<b>Present</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person	<b>portō</b>	
Second Person		
Third Person		

<b>Imperfect</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person		

<b>Perfect</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person		

<b>Pluperfect</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person		

<b>Imperf. Subjunct.</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person		

<b>Pluperf. Subjunct.</b>	Singular	Plural
First Person		
Second Person		
Third Person		

Fill in the missing forms of the noun:

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>puella</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>servus</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>templum</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>leō</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>nōmen</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>portus</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	<b>rēs</b>	
Genitive		
Dative		
Accusative		
Ablative		

**Circle the word that properly completes the sentence and translate the sentences:**

nōn commodum est (vōs, vōbīs) ad templum deōrum īre.

cum vōs in cubiculō (dormīrētis, dormīrēs), ego ad forum ambulābam.

tū in cellā latēre (potuerās, potuerāmus).

tū fēmīnās irātissimās superāre nōn (poterās, poterātis).

mīles iuvenem īnfēlicem rogāvit quis (erat, esset).

### **Multiple Choice (Stages 13-18)**

We know about Lucius Marcius Memor

- ☐ only from a stone statue base dedicated by him in the temple of Aquae Sulis
- ☐ from Tacitus' *Agricola*, which describes the career of his father-in-law in Britain
- ☐ from the haruspical records preserved at Aquae Sulis
- ☐ from his tombstone, not far from the bath complex at Aquae Sulis

dēfīxiōnēs are

- ☐ models of the livers of sacrificial animals, used by soothsayers
- ☐ records of dedcations made by sick visitors to the bath complex at Aquae Sulis
- ☐ curse tablets
- ☐ meaningless magical words

larēs and penātēs were

- ☐ the military administrators of Roman Britain
- ☐ the spirits of the household and food cupboard
- ☐ the commander and second-in-command of a legion, respectively
- ☐ the standard-bearer and paymaster of a legion, respectively

The Peutinger Table is

- ☐ an optiō
- ☐ a mansiō
- ☐ a caupō
- ☐ an itinerārium

Which of the following is **not** a part of the Roman soldier's equipment:

- ☐ gladius
- ☐ pugiō
- ☐ balneum
- ☐ caligae

Translate the following story:

cum Quīntus in oppidō ambulāret, parvum fēlem iacentem in viā vīdit. fēlēs madidus et trīstis erat. “parve fēlēs,” rogāvit Quīntus, “cūr tū in viā iacēs?” Quīntus fēlem ad cāsam suam tulit et eī cibum dedit. cum fēlēs multum cibum consumpsisset, laetus dormīvit.

Extra credit English-to-Latin:

The old man asked the youth where we were.